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Passage No. 47

Directions: Read the following passage to answer the given questions based on it.

True, it is the function of the army to maintain law and order in abnormal times. But in normal times there is another force that compels citizens to obey laws and to act with due regard to the rights of others. The force also protects the lives and properties of law abiding men. Laws are made to secure the personal safety of its subjects and to prevent murder and crimes of violence. They are made to secure the property of the citizens against theft and damage and to protect the rights of communities and castes to carry out their customs and ceremonies, so long as they do not conflict with the rights of others. Now the good citizen, of his own free will, obeys these laws and he takes care that everything he does is done with due regard to the rights and well-being of others.

But the bad citizen is only restrained from breaking these laws by fear of the consequence of his actions. And the necessary steps to compel the bad citizen to act as a good citizen are taken by this force. The supreme control of law and order in a state is in the hands of a Minister who is responsible to the State Assembly and acts through the Inspector General of Police.

Questions:

1. Which of the following statements is not implied in the passage?

- A. Law protects those who respect it.
- B. Law ensures people's religious and social rights absolutely and unconditionally.
- C. A criminal is deterred from committing crimes only for fear of the law.
- D. The forces of law help to transform irresponsible citizens into responsible ones.

2. According to the writer, which one of the following is not the responsibility of the police?

- A. To protect the privileges of all citizens.
- B. To check violent activities of citizens.
- C. To ensure peace among citizens by safeguarding individual rights.
- D. To maintain peace during extra ordinary circumstances.

3. The expression 'customs and ceremonies' means

- A. Fairs and festivals
- B. Habits and traditions
- C. Usual practices and religious rites
- D. Superstitions and formalities

4. Which one of the following statements is implied in the passage?

- A. Peaceful citizens seldom violate the law
- B. Criminals, who flout the law, are seldom brought to book
- C. The police hardly succeed in converting bad citizens into good ones
- D. The police check the citizens, whether they are good or bad, from violating the law

5. "They are made to secure the property of citizens against theft and damage", means that the law.

- A. Helps in recovering the stolen property of the citizens.
- B. Assists the citizens whose property has been stolen or destroyed.
- C. Initiates process against offenders of law.
- D. Safeguards people's possessions against being stolen or lost.

Correct Answers:

1	2	3	4	5
B	D	C	D	D



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