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CCC	MCQs Qu	estions with Ex	Kernel Boot C. Kilo Byte D. Kit Bit E. None of these nternet banking means— the net B. Net Practice of banking transactions through internet cing countries E. None of these ost common way to get a virus in your computer's hard disk?								
CCC C	Quiz 3										
Direc	tions: Read t	he questions caref	ully and choose the	e right answer.							
1.	The computer abbreviation KB usually means										
A. Key	Block	B. Kernel Boot	C. Kilo Byte	D. Kit Bit	E. None of these						
2.	Marketing of internet banking means—										
C. Mar	•		ions through internet								
3.	What is the	most common wa	y to get a virus in y	our computer's ha	rd disk?						
C. By u	ploading pictu e of these	s from CD ROMs res from mobile to the ntains commands t	D. By sending e-mails								
A. Poir		B. Menu	C. Icon	D. Button	E. None of these						
5. a	The rectangular area of the screen that displays a program, data and/or information is										
A. Title	e bar	B. Button	C. Dialog box	D. Window	E. None of these						
6.	Hard copy o	of a document is	•••••								
A. Prin	ted on printer	B. Stored in floppy	C. Store in CD	D. Store in hard disk	E. None of these						
7.	Which of the following is not computer programming language?										
A. C		B. C++	C. JAVA	D. COBOL	E. None of these						
8.	Documenta	tion of computer p	orograms is importa	ant so that	•						

- A. users can learn how to use the program
- B. other programmers can know how to maintain the program
- C. the programmer can see why the code is written that way while hunting for sources of error
- D. all of the above
- E. None of these

9. A microprocessor is the brain of the computer and is also called a(n)

A. microchip

B. macrochip

C. acroprocessor

D. calculator

E. software

10. Hard disc drives are considered storage —

A. Flash

B. Non-volatile

C. Temporary

D. Non-permanent

E. None of these

Correct Answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
С	С	В	В	D	Α	Е	D	Α	В

Explanations:

1. KB stands for kilobyte. Hence, option C is correct.

2. Marketing the usage of banking transactions through internet.

Internet Banking: Online banking, also known as internet banking, e-banking, or virtual banking, is an electronic payment system that enables customers of a bank or other financial institution to conduct a range of financial transactions through the financial institution's website.

Hence, option C is correct.

3. Virus: Viruses can be transmitted as attachments to an e-mail note or in a downloaded file, or be present on a diskette or CD. The immediate source of the e-mail note, downloaded file, or diskette you've received is usually unaware that it contains a virus.

Hence, option B is correct.

4. A **menu** contains commands that can be selected.

Ex: A file menu commonly contains commands about handling of files, such as open, save, and print, the edit menu commonly contains commands relating to the handling of information within a file, e.g. cut and paste and selection commands.

Hence, option B is correct.

A window is a separate viewing area on a computer display screen in a system that allows multiple viewing areas as part of a graphical user interface (GUI). Windows are managed by a windows manager as part of a windowing system.

A window can usually be resized by the user. For example, it can be stretched on any side, minimized, maximized, and closed. On today's multitasking operating systems, you can have a number of windows on your screen at the same time, interacting with each whenever you choose.

Hence, option D is correct.

6. Printed data on a paper or other object is called hardcopy.

Hence, option A is correct.

7. C: - C Programming is best known programming language. C Programming is near to machine as well as human so it is called as Middle Level Programming Language. C Programming can be used to do verity of tasks such as networking related, OS related.

C++: - C++ is a high-level programming language developed by Bjarne Stroustrup at Bell Labs. C++ adds object-oriented features to its predecessor, C. C++ is one of the most popular programming language for graphical applications, such as those that run in Windows and Macintosh environments.

JAVA: - Java is a general purpose, high-level programming language developed by Sun Microsystems.

COBOL: - Acronym for common business oriented language. Developed in the late 1950s and early 1960s, COBOL is the second-oldest high-level programming language (FORTRAN is the oldest). It is particularly popular for business applications that run on large computers.

All options(from A to D) are programming languages, therefore the right answer is E(None of These)

Hence, option E is correct.

- **8.** Documentation of computer programs is important so that-
 - 1. Users can learn how to use the program
 - 2. Other programmers can know how to maintain the program
 - 3. The programmer can see why the code is written that way while hunting for sources of error.

Explanation to the 3rd point:

A source code tells you WHAT the software is doing, but not WHY it is doing it this way. If there are errors in the design, they will be hard, if not impossible to find by just studying the source code. It's similar to semantic errors: the code appears to be doing exactly what it is supposed to be doing, it's just not what you really wanted to do and that's why documentation is needed here as well.

Hence, option D is correct.

9. A microprocessor is an electronic component that is used by a computer to do its work. It is a central processing unit (CPU) on a single integrated circuit chip (microchip) containing millions of very small components including transistors, resistors, and diodes that work together.

Hence, option A is correct.

10. Hard disc drives are considered as a Non-volatile memory. It's typically used for the task of secondary storage, or long-term persistent storage. The most widely used form of primary storage today is a volatile form of random access memory (RAM), meaning that when the computer is shut down, anything contained in RAM is lost. However, most forms of non-volatile memory have limitations that make them unsuitable for use as primary storage. Typically, non-volatile memory costs more, provides lower performance, or has worse write endurance than volatile random access memory.

Non-volatile data storage can be categorized in electrically addressed systems (read-only memory) and mechanically addressed systems (hard disks, optical disc, magnetic tape, holographic memory, and such). Electrically addressed systems are expensive, but fast, whereas mechanically addressed systems have a low price per bit, but are slow. Non-volatile memory may one day eliminate the need for comparatively slow forms of secondary storage systems, which include hard disks.





The Question Bank



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