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## DI Line Chart Questions for RBI Grade B, RBI Assistant Mains, SBI Clerk Mains and IBPS Clerk Mains Exams.

DI Line Chart No 49
Directions : Study the following line chart carefully and answer the questions given beside. Percent Profit earned by two companies producing electronic equipments from the year 2012 to 2017.

Profit \% for a year $=\{($ Revenue - Investment $) /$ Investment $\} \times 100$


1. Amount invested by company $P$ in the year 2014 was Rs. 12 lakh. What was the revenue of company $P$ in the same year?
A. 14 lakh
B. 15.6 lakh
C. 13.7 lakh
D. 14.2 lakh
$E$. None of these
2. Company Q made a profit of Rs. 30500 in the year 2016. What was the investment made by company $Q$ in the same year?
A. Rs. 244000
B. Rs. 185000
C. Rs. 150000
D. Rs. 152500
$E$. None of these
3. Company P invested Rs. 12,000 more than company $Q$ in the year 2012. The profit earned by Q was Rs. 5200 more than P. Find the ratio of investment by the companies P and Q in the year 2012.
A. $53: 50$
B. 49 : 45
C. $41: 35$
D. $31: 24$
E. None of these
4. The revenue of company $P$ in the year 2015 was equal to the revenue of company $Q$ in 2016. Find the ratio of investment by company $P$ in 2015 and $Q$ in 2016.
A. $25: 26$
B. $24: 25$
C. $26: 25$
D. $21: 20$
E. None of these
5. Investment of company $P$ in the years 2014, 2016 and 2017 was Rs. 4.20 lakh, Rs. 3.54 lakh and Rs. $\mathbf{3 . 6 0}$ lakh respectively. Find the average profit for these three years.
A. 1.12 lakh
B. 1.20 lakh
C. 1.26 lakh
D. 1.55 lakh
E. None of these
6. Company $P$ invested Rs. $9,21,600$ in the year 2018. The revenue of $P$ in the year 2018 was equal to the revenue of $Q$ in 2015 in which $Q$ had invested Rs. 7.2 lakh. Find the profit percent of company $P$ in the year 2018.
A. $20 \%$
B. $25 \%$
C. $15 \%$
D. $30 \%$
E. None of these

## Correct Answers:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | D | A | B | D | B |

## Explanations :

1. Profit \% in year 2014 of company $P=30 \%$

Investment = Rs. 12 lakh

From the given formula, we have
$30=\frac{(\text { Revenue }-12 \text { lakh })}{12 \text { lakh }} \times 100$
3.6 lakh = Revenue -12 lakh

Revenue $=15.6$ lakh

Hence, option B is correct.
2. Profit $=30500$

Profit \% in year $2016=20 \%$
Means, $20 \%$ of investment $=$ profit $=30500$
Investment $=\frac{30500 \times 100}{20}=152500$
Hence, option D is correct.
3. Let companies P and $Q$ invested Rs. p and Rs. q in the year 2012 respectively.

Thus p = q + 12000 ----(i)
Profit \% of $P$ in $2012=40 \%$
Profit of $P=40 \%$ of $p=0.4 p$
Profit \% of Q in $2012=45 \%$
Profit of $Q=45 \%$ of $q=0.45 q$
The profit earned by $Q$ was Rs. 5200 more than $P$, so
Profit difference $=0.45 q-0.4 p=5200$
From (i), we get
Difference $=0.45 q-0.4(q+12000)=0.05 q-4800=5200$
$\mathrm{q}=2$ lakh
and from (i), we get
$p=2$ lakh $+12000=2.12$ lakh
Ratio $=2.12$ : $2=53: 50$
Hence, option A is correct.
4. Let the revenue of both companies was Rs. $y$, then

Profit of $P$ in $2015=25=\frac{(y-\text { Investment })}{(\text { Investment })} \times 100$
Investment $=4 y-4$ (Investment)
Investment $=\frac{4}{5} y$
Profit of $Q$ in 2016 $=20=\frac{(y-\text { Investment })}{(\text { Investment })} \times 100$
Investment $=5 y-5$ (Investment)
Investment $=\frac{5}{6} y$
Ratio of investment of $P$ and $Q=\frac{4 y}{5}: \frac{5 y}{6}=24: 25$

Hence, option B is correct.
5. Let for a given year, profit is $\mathrm{R} \%$, then
$R=\frac{\text { (Revenue }- \text { Investment) }}{\text { (Investment) }} \times 100$
$\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}$ (Investment) $=$ Revenue - Investment
Profit $=$ Revenue - Investment $=\frac{R}{100}$ (Investment)
For year 2014, profit is $30 \%$. So $R=30$, and investment $=4.2$ lakh
Profit for year $2014=\frac{30}{100}(4.2$ lakh $)=1.26$ lakh
Similarly,
Profit for year $2016=\frac{50}{100}(3.54$ lakh $)=1.77$ lakh
Profit for year $2017=\frac{45}{100}(3.6$ lakh $)=1.62$ lakh
Average $=\frac{(1.26+1.77+1.62)}{3}=1.55$ lakh
Hence, option D is correct.
6. Company $Q$ had invested Rs. 7.2 lakh in 2015 and made a profit of $60 \%$. So
$60=\frac{(\text { Revenue }-7.2)}{7.2} \times 100$
Revenue $=7.2+4.32=11.52$ lakh

Revenue of $P$ in 2018 was equal to revenue of $Q$ in 2015, so
Revenue of $P$ in $2018=11.52$ lakh

Investment of P in 2018 = Rs. 921600
Profit $=$ Revenue - Investment $=1152000-921600=2.304$ lakh
Profit percent $=\frac{2.304}{9.216} \times 100=25 \%$

Hence, option B is correct.


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