

# **Geography Miscellaneous Questions for CDS Exams**

# **Geography Miscellaneous Quiz 1**

Direction : Study the following question carefully and choose the right answer.

#### 1. Which two countries are connected by an under-water tunnel?

- A. England and Spain B. Malaysia and Singapore C. England and Belgium
- D. France and England
- 2. Where is "Ground Zero"?
- A. Greenwich B. New York C. Indira Point D. Shriharikota
- 3. What is the new name of the old colony of Northern Rhodesia?
- A. Zambia B. Zimbabwe C. Uganda D. Tanzania

# 4. Which of the following countries does not have a border with Afghanistan?

A. Iran B. Georgia C. Turkmenistan D. Uzbekistan

#### 5. "Wall Street" is the name of the

A. Stock exchange of Kolkata B. Stock exchange of New York

C. Indian township in Washington D. Super market in Mumbai

#### 6. Which four countries are called the Asian Tigers?

- A. Hong Kong, Singapore, South Korea, Taiwan
- B. Hong Kong, China, Singapore, Taiwan
- C. Hong Kong, Malaysia, Singapore, China
- D. Hong Kong, South Korea, China, Taiwan

# 7. The country where drip irrigation is more efficiently used is

- A. India B. Israel C. Sri Lanka D. England
- 8. The civilian Airport of highest altitude is in
- A. Tibet B. Nepal C. India D. China
- 9. Taiwan was earlier known as
- A. Fuchow B. Marshall Island C. Formosa D. Macau

# **10.** Head office of Coca Cola company is in:

A. New York B. New Jersey C. Atlanta D. Florida



#### **Correct Answers:**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
D	В	А	В	В	А	В	D	С	С

#### **Explanations:**

#### 1.

The Channel Tunnel is a 50.5-kilometre (undersea rail tunnel linking Folkestone, Kent, in the United Kingdom with Coquelles, Pas-de-Calais, near Calais in northern France beneath the English Channel at the Strait of Dover. At its lowest point, it is 75 m (250 ft) deep. At 37.9 kilometres, the Channel Tunnel possesses the longest undersea portion of any tunnel in the world, although the Seikan Tunnel in Japan is both longer overall at 53.85 kilometres.



# 2.

The term ground zero describes the point on the Earth's surface closest to a detonation. In the case of an explosion above the ground, ground zero refers to the point on the ground directly below the detonation. The World Trade Centre site, previously known as "Ground zero" after the September 11 attacks, sits on 16 acres in Lowe Manhattan in New York City. The previous World Trade Center complex stood on the site until it was destroyed in the September 11 attacks; Studio Daniel Libeskind, the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Silverstein Properties, and

the Lower Manhattan Development Corporation oversee the reconstruction of the site.

# 3.

Northern Rhodesia was a territory in south central Africa, formed in 1911. It became independent in 1964 as Zambia. It was initially administered under charter by the British South Africa Company and formed by it in 1911 by amalgamating North-Western Rhodesia and North-Eastern Rhodesia. Although it had features of a charter colony the territory's treaties and charter give it protectorate status. From 1924 it was administered by the British government as an opposed to political, term "Rhodesia" referred to a region generally comprising the areas that are today Zambia and Zimbabwe. From 1964 it only referred to the former Southern Rhodesia.

# 4.

Afghanistan, officially the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, is a landlocked country forming part of Sourth Asia, Central Asia, and to some extent Western Asia. It is bordered by Pakistan in the south and the east, Iran in the west, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan and Tajikistan in the north, and China in the far northeast.



# 5.

New York City is home to the world's two largest stock exchanges by total market capitalization, the New York Stock Exchange and NASDAQ. Therefore it has been called both the most economically powerful city and the leading financial center of the world.

# 6.

The Four Asian Tigers or Four Asian Dragons is a term used in reference to the highly free-market and developed economies of Hong Kong, Singapore, South Korea, and Taiwan. These nations were notable for maintaining exceptionally high growth rates (in excess of 7 percent a year) and rapid industrialization between the early 1960s (mid-1950s for Hong Kong) and 1990s. By the 21st century, all four had developed into advanced and high-income economies, specializing in areas of competitive advantage. For example, Hong Kong and Singapore have become world-leading international financial centers, whereas South Korea and Taiwan are world leaders in manufacturing information technology. Their economic success stories have served as role models for many developing countries, especially the Tiger Cub Economies.

# 7.

# The Question Bank

The most of credit for making drip irrigation what it is today goes to Israel and South Africa where it is most efficiently used. As with most water scares countries, Israel has been firsthand how efficient irrigation methods and strategic water rescue can help ensure sustainable, reliable agriculture production.

# 8.

Daocheng Yading Airport in southwest China's Sichuan Province is the world's highestaltitude civilian airport. It is located at a height of 4,411 meters above sea level.

9.

The Republic of china governs the Taiwan which is an island in Pacific ocean near China.

The capital of Taiwan is Taipei. The name Formosa was given to Taiwan by the Portuguese which means "The beautiful".



The Coca-Cola Company is headquartered in Atlanta, Georgia, USA. It is an American multinational beverage corporation and manufacturer, retailer and marketer of nonalcoholic beverage concentrates and syrups.



