

Geography of India Questions for CDS Exams

Geography of India Quiz 6

Direction : Study the following question carefully and choose the right answer.

1. Jim Corbett National Park is situated in

A. Uttarakhand B. Andhra Pradesh C. Madhya Pradesh D. Himachal Pradesh

2. Match of the following

				List I (River)	List II (Tributary)
			A. Ga	anga	1. Chambal and Ken
			B. In	dus	2. Wainganga and Indravati
			C. Ya	muna	3. Chenab and Sutlej
			D. Go	odavari	4. Gomti and Kosi
Α.					ortkoodo
А	В	С	D	3 1	nartkeeda
4	1	3	2		e Question Bank
					le Question Dank
Β.					
А	В	С	D		
4	3	1	2		
C.					
А	В	С	D		
2	1	3	4		
D.					
А	В	С	D		
2	3	1	4		

3. Surface water resources are highest in

A. Ganga plains B. North-Eastern India C. Peninsular India D. Indus plains

4. The following questions consist of two statements, Statement I and Statement II.

Statement I Comets revolve around the Sun only in long elliptical orbits.

Statement II A comet develops a tail when it gets close to the Sun.

A. Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I

B. Both the statements are individually true but Statement II is not the correct explanation of Statement I

C. Statement I is true, but Statement II is false

D. Statement I is false, but Statement II is true



1. Lohit 2. Dibang 3. Subansiri 4. Tista

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

A. 4, 3, 2, 1 B. 4, 3, 1, 2 C. 3, 4, 2, 1 D. 2, 4, 3, 1

6. Gaddis are

A. Fishermen of kerala B. Pastoralists of Arunchal Pradesh

C. Shepherds of Himachal Pradesh D. Nomads of Rajasthan desert

7. VeliKonda hills, which is a part Eastern Ghats, is situated in

A. Odisha B. Tamil Nadu C. Karnataka D. Andhra Pradesh

8. The Karewas of Kashmir refers to which among the following types of deposits?

A. Aeolian and glacial B. Fluvial C. Lacustrine D. Volcanic

9. Which one among the following Indian rivers originates in Maharashtra and flows through Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh to meet the Bay of Bengal in Andhra coast?

A. Mahanadi B. Cauvery C. Krishna D. Godavari

10. Amarkantak plateau in the Maikal hills marks the origin of the river

A. Gandak B. Chambal C. Narmada D. Ghaggar



Correct Answers:

ſ	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Α	В	А	В	В	С	D	С	С	С

Explanations:

1.

Jim Corbett National Park is the oldest national park in India and was established in 1936 as Hailey National Park to protect the endangered Bengal tiger. It is located in Nainital district of Uttarakhand and was named after Jim Corbett who played a key role in its establishment.

2.

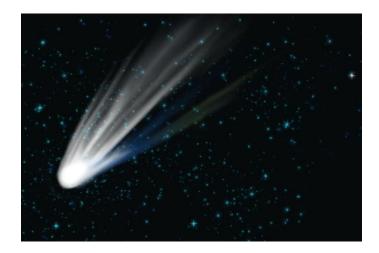
River	Tributary
1.Ganga	Gomti and Kosi
2.Indus	Chenab and Sutlej
3.Yamuna	Chambal and Ken
4.Godavari	Wainganga and Indravati

3.

Surface water resources are highest in Ganga plains. The net sown area in the Ganga basin in India is around 44 million hectares and the net irrigated area is 23.41 million hectares.

4.

Comets have been called dirty snowballs. They are small celestial objects, made of ice, gas, dust and a small amount of organic materials, that round our Sun in elliptical orbit. As comets move close to the Sun, they develop tails of dust and ionized gas. Comets have tow tails, a dust tail and a plasma tail.



5.

The tributaries of river Brahmaputra from West to East is Tista, Subansiri, Lohit and Dibang.

6.

The Gaddis are a tribe living mainly in the Indian States of Himachal Pradesh and Jammu and Kashmir. They are Hindus and belong to several castes including Ahir, Brahmin, Rajput, Dhangar/Gaderiya, Khatri, Rana and Thakur.

7.

The Velikonda Range or Velikonda Hills is a low mountain range, that form part of the Eastern Ghats mountain range system, in eastern India.

The Velikonda Range is located in the south-eastern part of Andhra Pradesh state.

8.

Karewas are the lacustrine deposits in the valley of Kashmir and in Bhadarwah valley of the Doda District of the Jammu division. These are the flat topped mounds that border the Kashmir valley on all sides.

9.

The Krishna River is the fourth longest river which flows entirely in India, after the Ganges, Godavari and Narmada. The river is almost 1,300 kilometres (810 mi) long.

The river is also called Krishnaveni. It is a major source of irrigation for Maharashtra, Karnataka, Telangana and Andhra Pradesh.



10.

The **Maikal Hills** are range of hills in the state of Chhattisgarh India. The Maikal Hills are an eastern part of the Satpuras in Kawardha District of Chhattisgarh, overlooking the scenic town of Kawardha. they have an altitude ranging from 340 m to 941 m above sea level. It is a picturesque spot in the state with its serene and peaceful atmosphere. This densely forested and thinly populated range gives rise to several streams and rivers including the tributaries of Narmada and Wainganga rivers. The hills are inhabited by two tribal peoples, the Baigas and the Gonds. The hill range is very rich in flora and fauna wealth.

