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Date Interpretation Table Chart Questions for IBPS PO Pre, SBI PO Pre, IBPS Clerk Mains, SBI Clerk Mains, IBPS SO Pre and RRB Scale I Pre Exams.

Word Problems Quiz 4

Direction: Study the following questions carefully and choose the right answer.

1. Shilpa took a loan of Rs. 15,00,000 to purchase a car. The company charges compound interest at 20% per annum. She promised to make the payment after three years. But for the last year of loan tenure, the company increased the rate of interest by 25% from the previous one. Then the extra amount which she had to pay is what per cent of the amount of loan taken by her?

A. 8.3%

B. 7.9%

C. 8.7%

D. 7.2%

E. None of these

2. There are three members in a family – husband, wife and their son. Husband's age is thrice his son's age and wife is three years younger than his husband. What is the respective ratio of ages of son, husband and wife if their average age is 41?

A. 17:9:18

B. 15:4:12

C. 6:18:17

D. 4:12:15

E. None of these

3. There are 3 points P, Q and R in a straight line, such that point Q is equidistant from points P and R. A man can swim from point P to R downstream in 24 hours and from Q to P upstream in 16 hours. Find the ratio of speed of man in still water to speed of stream?

A. 5:1

B. 6:1

C.5:3

D. 7:1

E. None of these

4. Instead of normal weighing scale a shopkeeper used forged scale. He used 1.4 kg scale while buying and 840g scale while selling, what will his overall profit percentage, if in the end he offers 10% discount?

A. 50%

B. 48%

C. 40%

D. 38%

F. None of these

5. From 'A' kg of pure tea a shopkeeper removes A% of the mixture (Either pure tea or adulterated tea) and replaces it with same quantity of adulteration. If he repeated this process once more and now the amount of pure tea remaining in the mixture is (90% of 40% of A) kg, then find the value of A.

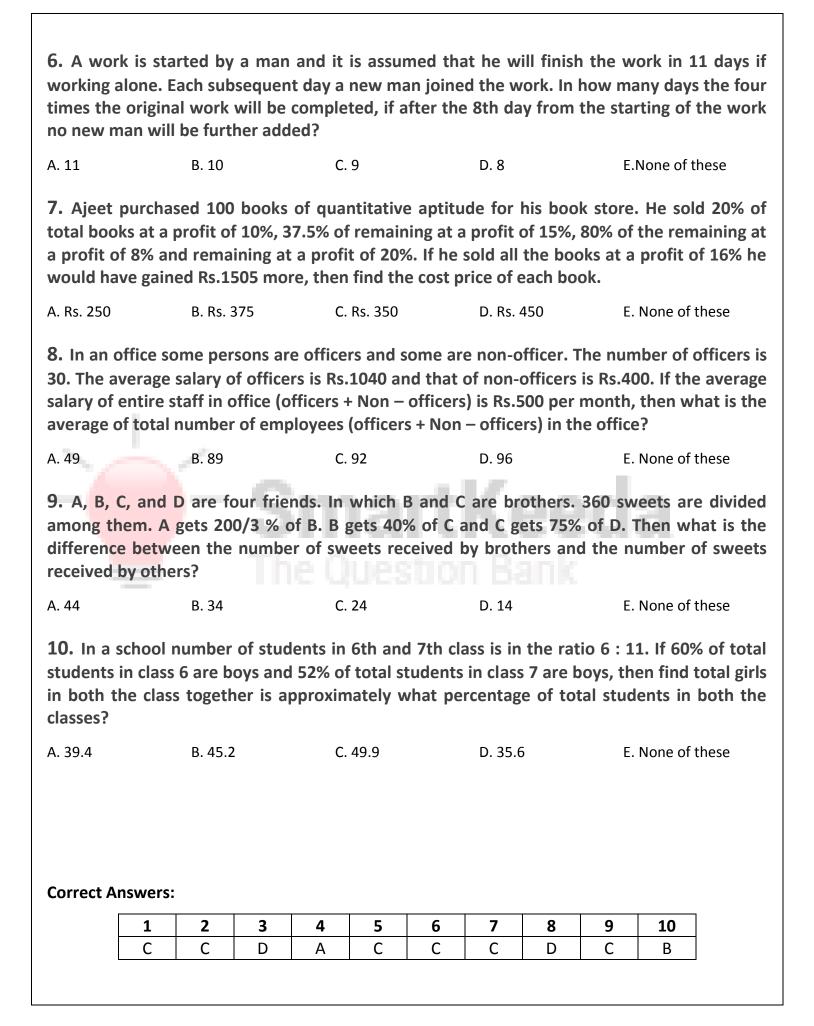
A. 60%

B. 50%

C. 40%

D. 30%

E. None of these



Explanations:

1. The rate of interest for first two years = 20% per annum

The rate of interest for last one year = 125% of 20 = 25%

According to question-

$$\Rightarrow$$
 1500000 × (1.2)² × (1.25) – 1500000 (1.2)³

$$\Rightarrow$$
 1500000 × (1.8 – 1.728)

⇒ 108000

Reqd.
$$\% = \frac{108000}{1500000} \times 100 = 7.2\%$$

Hence, option C is correct.

2. Let son's age = x

Husband's age = 3x

Wife's age = 3x - 3

According to question-

$$\Rightarrow x + 3x + (3x - 3) = 41 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 7x = 126

$$\Rightarrow$$
 X = 18

Son's age = 18 years

Husband's age = $18 \times 3 = 54$ years

Wife's age = $18 \times 3 - 3 = 51$ years

Required ratio = 18:54:51 = 6:18:17

Hence, option C is correct.

3. Let speed of man in still water = x km/h

Speed of current = y km/h

Downstream speed = (x + y) km/h

Upstream speed = (x - y) km/h

Let PQ = QR = A and PR = 2A

So,

$$\frac{2A}{x+y} = 24 \text{ and } \frac{A}{x-y} = 16$$

By dividing both equations-

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2A(x-y)}{A(x+y)} = \frac{24}{16}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x - 4y = 3x + 3y$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{v} = \frac{7}{1}$$



Required ratio = Speed of man in still water: Speed of current

 \Rightarrow 7:1

Hence, option D is correct.

4. Let's say the price of 1000g of goods = Rs.1000 Now he gets 1400g of goods at Rs.1000 Hence CP of shopkeeper for 1 g

$$=\frac{1000}{1400}=Rs.\frac{5}{7}$$

CP of shopkeeper for 840g

$$=\frac{5}{7} \times 840 = \text{Rs.600}$$

Now instead of selling 1000g he sells 840g for Rs.900 (10% discount)

Profit =
$$\frac{900 - 600}{600} \times 100 = 50\%$$

Hence, option A is correct.

5. Initial amount of tea = A kg

Amount of tea removed = A% of $A = A^2/100$

After two operations as given in the question,

Remaining amount of pure tea = (90% of 40% of A)

$$= A \left(1 - \frac{A^2}{100A}\right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.36A = A \left(\frac{100 - A}{100}\right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10000 × 0.36A = $A(100 - A)^2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3600 = $(100 - A)^2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 100 – A = 60

$$\Rightarrow$$
 A = 40

Hence, option C is correct.

6. One day work of a man = 1 unit

Total work = $4 \times 11 = 44$ units

If on each subsequent day a new man joined -

The work on 2nd day = 2 unit

The work on 3rd day = 3 unit

So on....

Than for the first 8 days the total work = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 = 36 units

Remaining work = 44 - 36 = 8 units

This remaining 8 unit of work will be completed in 1 more day as 8 men are employed in the work.

Hence total time taken = 8 + 1 = 9 days.

Therefore, option C is correct.

7. Let cost price of each book = 'P'.

Books sold at 10% profit = 20% of 100 = 20

Books sold at 15% profit = 37.50% of 80 = 30

Books sold at 8% profit = 80% of 50 = 40

Books sold at 20% profit = 100 - 20 - 30 - 40 = 10

Total SP of books = $[20 \times 1.1P] + [30 \times 1.15P] + [40 \times 1.08P] + [10 \times 1.2P] = 22P + 34.5P + 43.2P + 12P = 111.7P$

Total SP when all the books are sold at 16% profit = 116% of $100 \times P = 116P$

Difference = 116P - 111.7P = 1505 (Given)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4.3P = 1505

$$\Rightarrow$$
 P = 350

Hence CP of each book = Rs.350

Therefore, option C is correct.

8. Let the number of non-officers in office = x

Now, according to question-

$$\Rightarrow$$
 400x + 1040 × 30 = 500(30 + x)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 400x + 1040 × 30 = 500 × 30 + 500x

$$\Rightarrow$$
 100x = 30 (1040 - 500)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 100x = 30(540)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 162

Reqd. average =
$$\frac{30 + 162}{2}$$
 = 96

Hence, option D is correct.

$$C:D=3:4$$

The number of sweets received by brothers together

$$=\frac{21}{45}\times360=168$$

The number of sweets received by others together = 360 - 168 = 192

Required difference =
$$192 - 168 = 24$$

Hence, option C is correct.

10. Let total students in class 6th and class 7th is 6x and 11x respectively. Total students in both classes = 6x + 11x = 17x

Girls in class
$$6 = 6x \times \frac{40}{100} = \frac{240x}{100} = 2.4x$$

Girls in class
$$7 = 11x \times \frac{48}{100} = \frac{528x}{100} = 5.28x$$

So total girls =
$$2.4x + 5.28x = 7.68x$$

Reqd. % =
$$\frac{7.68x}{17x} \times 100 \Rightarrow 45.2\%$$
 (approx.)

Hence, option B is correct.



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