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Internet N Data Communication Questions for IBPS Clerk, SBI Clerk and IBPS RRB

Internet N Data Communication Quiz 2

Direction: Study the following questions carefully and choose the right answer.

1. A ……….. is a set of rules.

A. resource locator   B. domain   C. hypertext   D. URL   E. protocol

2. Which of the following refers to a small, single-site network?

A. LAN   B. DSL   C. RAM   D. USB   E. CPU

3. A(n) ……… is a combination of hardware and software that facilities the sharing of information between computing devices.

A. network   B. peripheral   C. expansion board   D, digital device

E. None of these

4. Terminal is …………

A. a device to give power supply to the computer

B. a point at which data enter or leaves the computer

C. the last instruction in a program

D. any input/output device

E. None of these

5. A device that connects to a network without the use of cables is said to be …………

A. distributed   B. wireless   C. centralized   D. open source   E. scattered

6. A computer ……… consists of two or more computers and other devices that are connected for the purpose of sharing data and programs.

A. network   B. system   C. workstation   D. device   E. None of these

7. A word on a web page which opens other document when clicks on it is a …………

A. Anchor   B. Hyper link   C. Reference   D. URL   E. None of these

8. When sending an e-mail, the ………. line describes the contents of the message.
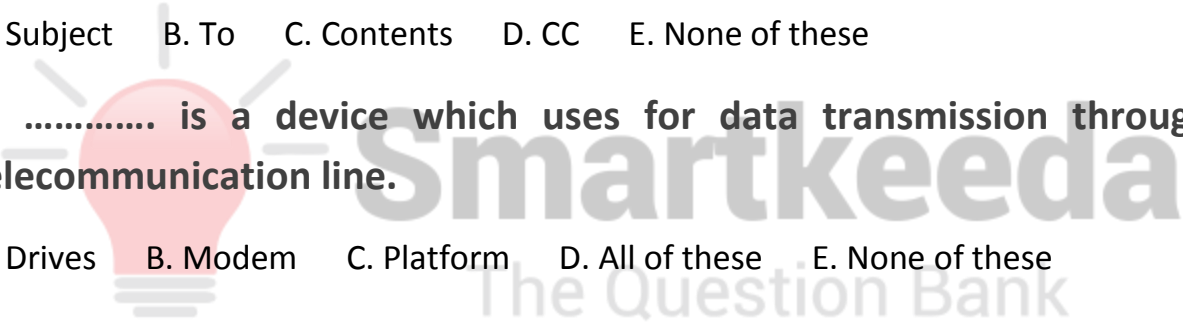
A. Subject   B. To   C. Contents   D. CC   E. None of these

9. …………. is a device which uses for data transmission through telecommunication line.

A. Drives   B. Modem   C. Platform   D. All of these   E. None of these

10. Unsolicited e-mail is called a …………..

A. Newsgroup   B. Usenet   C. Backbane   D. Spam   E. None of these

Correct Answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
E	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	D

Explanations:

1.

Protocol: In information technology, a protocol is the special set of rules that end points in a telecommunication connection use when they communicate. Protocols specify interactions between the communicating entities.
Hence, the option E is correct.

2.

LAN: Stands for "Local Area Network". A LAN is a computer network limited to a small area such as an office building, university, or even a residential home. Most mid to large-sized businesses today use LANs, which makes it easy for employees to share information. Typically, LANs use wired connections to link the computers to each other and to a variety of peripheral devices such as printers. Devices connected to a LAN are able to access data from any machine that's connected to the network. LAN users can communicate with each other by chat or email.
Hence, the option A is correct.

3.

Network is a combination of hardware and software that facilities the sharing of information between computing devices.
Hence, the option A is correct.

4.

Terminal is a point at which data enter or leaves the computer.
Terminal: In data communications, a terminal is any device that terminates one end (sender or receiver) of a communicated signal. In practice, it is usually applied only to

the extended end points in a network, not central or intermediate devices. In this usage, if you can send signals to it, it's a terminal.

Hence the option A is correct.

5.

Wireless networks are computer networks that are not connected by cables of any kind. The use of a wireless network enables enterprises to avoid the costly process of introducing cables into buildings or as a connection between different equipment locations.

Hence, the option A is correct.

6.

A computer network consists of two or more computers and other devices that are connected for the purpose of sharing data and programs.

Computer Network: A computer network is a set of connected computers. Computers on a network are called nodes. The connection between computers can be done via cabling, most commonly the Ethernet cable, or wirelessly through radio waves. Connected computers can share resources, like access to the Internet, printers, file servers, and others. A network is a multipurpose connection, which allows a single computer to do more.

Hence, the option A is correct.

7.

A hyperlink is a word, phrase, or image that you can click on to jump to a new document or a new section within the current document. Hyperlinks are found in nearly all Web pages, allowing users to click their way from page to page.

Hence the option A is correct.

8.

When sending an e-mail, the subject line describes the contents of the message.

Subject Line: A subject line is the introduction that identifies the emails intent. This subject line, displayed to the email user or recipient when they look at their list of

messages in their inbox, should tell the recipient what the message is about, what the sender wants to convey.

Hence, the option A is correct.

9.

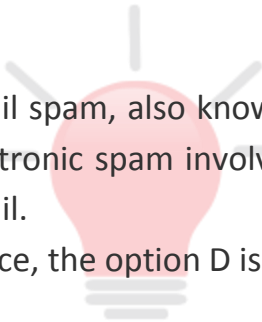Modem is a device which uses for data transmission through telecommunication line.

Modem: The word modem is actually short for Modulator/Demodulator. A modem is a communications device that can be either internal or external to your computer. It allows one computer to connect another computer and transfer data over telephone lines.

Hence, the optiion A is correct.

10.

Email spam, also known as junk email or unsolicited bulk email (UBE), is a subset of electronic spam involving nearly identical messages sent to numerous recipients by email.

Hence, the option D is correct.