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Legal GK Facts Questions for CLAT Exam

Legal GK Facts Quiz 27

Directions: Read the questions carefully and choose one of the options as your answer.

1. Which of the following is not a constitutional body?

- A. Finance Commission B. State Public Service Commission
- C. Election Commission D. Planning Commission

2. Which right has been given to the citizens under Article 21A of the Constitution of India?

- A. Right to Health B. Right to Information
- C. Right to Food D. Right to Education

3. Which of the following is not a prerogative writ?

- A. Habeas Corpus B. Mandamus
- C. Equity D. Quo Warranto

4. The landmark 'judgment of the Supreme Court in Keshvanand Bharti vs State of Kerala (1973) is related to which of the following topics?

- A. Election of President B. Fundamental Rights
- C. Election Commission D. Duties of Prime Minister

5. The term 'tort' generally means which of the following?

- A. Criminal wrong B. Offence
- C. Equitable wrong D. Civil wrong

6. 'Damnum sine injuria' means damage without injury to legal right. Hence, 'sine' means which of the following?

- A. Without B. Legal
- C. Right D. To



7. 'Law of Limitations' pertains to which of the following?

- A. Merits of case
- B. Argument by an advocate
- C. Prayer
- D. Period to take legal action

8. The term 'judicial proceedings' refers to which of the following procedure?

- A. Decision of the court
- B. Procedure adopted by the court
- C. Equality before law
- D. Procedure adopted by Khap Panchayats

9. Which of the following is not a movable property?

- A. Furniture
- B. Books
- C. A factory building
- D. Fruits

10. Which of the following is not true about the 'gift'?

- A. It is voluntary
- B. It is without monetary consideration
- C. Can be of goods and property
- D. Can be given only to family members



Correct answer:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
D	D	C	B	D	A	D	B	C	D

Explanation:

1. Planning Commission was an institutional in the Government of India, which develops India's five-year plan among various functions. The Indian planning Commission function is defined by the Government's in 1950. It created a systematic plan for the most effective and balance utilization of the country's resources.

Hence option D is correct.

2. Article 21A gives free education to all children of the age of six to fourteen years such manner as the State may, by law, determine. Article 22: Protection against arrest and detention in certain cases. The constitution also imposes restrictions on these rights.

Hence option D is correct.

3. The Constitution of India broadly provides for five kinds of "prerogative" writs: habeas corpus, certiorari, mandamus, quo warranto and prohibition.

Hence option C is correct.

4. Supreme Court, through the decisive judgement of Justice H. R. Khanna in Keshavananda Bharti v. State of Kerala (1973) case, declared that the basic structure/features of the constitution is resting on the basic foundation of the constitution.

Hence option B is correct.

5. The term is French equivalent of the English word wrong and the Roman law term delict. It implies a conduct which is twisted or wrong. A tort, as per English common law, is a civil wrong that causes a claimant to suffer loss or harm resulting in legal liability for the person who commits the tortuous act.

Hence option D is correct.



6. Damnum means damage and injuria means invasion of another's rights and

Hence option A is correct.

7. The 'Law of Limitation' prescribes the time-limit for different suits within, which an aggrieved person can approach the court for redress or justice. The "Law of Limitation" prescribes the time-limit for different suits within, which an aggrieved person can approach the court for redress or justice.

Hence option D is correct.

8. judicial proceeding - a legal proceeding in a court; a judicial contest to determine and enforce legal rights. litigation. legal proceeding, proceeding, proceedings - (law) the institution of a sequence of steps by which legal judgments are invoked.

Hence option B is correct.

9. Example of movable property includes vehicles, timber, crops, home accessories like curtains, beds, almirah, etc. Immovable property examples will include land, building, trees attached to the land

Hence option C is correct.

10. A gift is a thing given willingly to someone without payment; a present. Given to anyone not only family members.

Hence option D is correct.



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